

## Axatilimab-csfr (NIKTIMVO) National Drug Monograph March 2026

VA Pharmacy Benefits Management Services and National Formulary Committee

The purpose of VA National Formulary Committee drug monographs is to provide a focused drug review for making formulary decisions. The Product Information or other resources should be consulted for detailed and most current drug information.

<b>FDA APPROVAL INFORMATION</b>	<b>Description / MOA</b>	Colony stimulating factor-1 receptor (CSF-1R)-blocking antibody
	<b>Indication Under Review<sup>1</sup></b>	Treatment of chronic graft-versus-host disease (cGVHD) after failure of at least 2 prior lines of therapy in adults/pediatric patients weighing at least 40kg
	<b>Dosage Regimen</b>	0.3 mg/kg (max 35 mg) IV over 30 min. every 3 weeks
	<b>Dosage Forms Under Review</b>	Injection 50mg/ml solution in a single dose vial

<b>DISEASE BASICS 101</b>	<b>Chronic Graft versus Host Disease (cGVHD)</b>	<p><b>NIH Consensus Criteria for organ scoring.</b> Score 0-3 (least to most impactful) Grading classified by symptoms, affected organ systems and extent of disease involvement</p> <p><b>Mild</b> ≤ 2 affected organs; no clinically significant functional dysfunction <b>Moderate</b> ≥ 3 organs with no dysfunction or ≥ 1 organ with dysfunction but no major disability <b>Severe</b> Major disability</p> <hr/> <p><b>Treatment for mild.</b> Localized therapy (i.e. PUVA, ECP) <b>Moderate.</b> Prednisone <b>Severe.</b> Prednisone + ruxolitinib</p>
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<b>EFFICACY CONSIDERATIONS</b>	<b>Trial Design</b>	<b>AGAVE-201</b> Phase 2, multinational, randomized trial
	<b>Population</b>	Refractory or recurrent cGVHD Active signs/symptoms per NIH consensus criteria s/p ≥ 2 lines of therapy: patients rec'd median 4 lines of therapy Prior therapies included: ibrutinib 23-36%; ruxolitinib 71-79%; belumosudil 20-26% Karnofsky score ≥ 60; Adequate organ function Systemic glucocorticoids, CNI or mTOR inhibitor allowed to continue; other meds to be discontinued
	<b>Intervention</b>	Randomized 1:1:1 Axatilimab 0.3mg/kg IV every 2 weeks; Axatilimab 1mg/kg IV every 2 weeks; Axatilimab 3mg/kg IV every 2 weeks
	<b>Comparator</b>	None
	<b>Results</b>	Primary endpoint: ORR (CR or PR) per NIH Consensus criteria w/in first 6 cycles Secondary endpoint: Reduction in symptoms (i.e. > 5 point reduction in Lee Symptom Scale (LSS) score)
		<p><b>0.3mg-dose group: ORR 74% (95% CI, 63-83)</b> 1-mg dose group: ORR 67% (95% CI, 55-77) 3-mg dose group: ORR 50% (95% CI, 39-61) Median time to response was less than 2 months</p> <p><b>0.3-mg dose group: 60% with &gt; 5 point reduction in LSS score</b> 1-mg dose group: 69% 3-mg dose group 41% Median time to response was 1.7 months</p>

<b>SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS</b>	<b>Boxed Warnings</b>	none
	<b>Contraindications</b>	none
	<b>Other Warnings</b>	Infusion-related reactions. Reported in 18% (Grade 3 or 4: 1.3%); premedicate with antihistamine and antipyretic; monitor for signs and symptoms; slow, interrupt or discontinue rate based on severity Embryo-fetal toxicity. Based on drug mechanism of action, fetal harm may result when given to a pregnant woman; advise effective contraception during and for 30-days after the last dose
	<b>Top 5 AEs</b>	Increased AST, infection, increased ALT, decreased phosphate, decreased hgb, viral infection
	<b>Drug Interactions</b>	n/a
	<b>Safety-specific reports of AGAVE-201</b>	The 0.3mg-dose group had a more favorable toxicity profile. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Any grade periorbital edema occurred in 3% of 0.3mg; 23% of 1mg; 29% of 3mg</li> <li>Grade 3 or higher AEs in 49% of 0.3mg; 60% of 1mg; 71% of 3mg</li> <li>Any AE leading to discontinuation: 6% of 0.3mg; 22% of 1mg; 18% of 3mg</li> </ul>

<b>PLACE IN THERAPY</b>	<b>DRUG</b>	<b>VANF</b>	<b>CFU</b>	<b>FDA</b>	<b>GUIDELINES /OTHER CONSIDERATIONS</b>
	Axatilimab 0.3mg/kg IV every 2 weeks	TBD	TBD	cGVHD s/p $\geq 2$ prior LOT	NCCN v3.2025. After $\geq 2$ prior LOT (Cat 2A) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>IV formulation</li> <li>ORR 74%</li> <li>Responses noted post ibrutinib, ruxolitinib, belumosudil</li> </ul>
	Belumosudil 200mg PO daily	NF	yes	cGVHD s/p $\geq 2$ prior LOT	NCCN v3.2025. After $\geq 2$ prior LOT (Cat 2A) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Oral formulation</li> <li>ORR 76% in heavily pretreated patients</li> <li>Responses noted post ibrutinib, ruxolitinib</li> </ul>
	Ibrutinib	NF	yes	cGVHD s/p $\geq 1$ prior LOT	NCCN v3.2025. After $\geq 1$ prior LOT (Cat 2A)
	Ruxolitinib	PA-F	yes	cGVHD s/p $\geq 1$ prior LOT	NCCN v3.2025. After $\geq 1$ prior LOT (Cat 1)

<b>VHA PLACE IN THERAPY</b>	<b>Potential Use in VHA</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Heavily pre-treated patients with cGVHD in the 0.3mg/kg dosing group achieved ORR 75%</li> <li>Organ-specific responses were noted in all organ groups with the 0.3mg/kg dose</li> <li>Responses were noted following prior ibrutinib, prior ruxolitinib and belumosudil (ORR 81, 78 and 75%, respectively)</li> <li>Symptom-reduction was noted in 60% (mLSS &gt; 5-point improvement)</li> <li>Reduction in corticosteroid dose was also notable in 40% of patients by cycle #6</li> <li>Both belumosudil and axatilimab are FDA-approved following at least 2 prior lines of therapy; axatilimab does not appear to have any clear advantage over belumosudil; direct comparative trials have not been performed, but both agents appear to have comparable efficacy</li> <li>Axatilimab has demonstrated responses after progression on ibrutinib, ruxolitinib and belumosudil.</li> </ol>
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## References

- NIKTIMVO (axatilimab-csfr) injection [prescribing information online]. Wilmington, DE. Incyte Corporation. August 2024 Available at: [https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda\\_docs/label/2024/761411s000lbl.pdf](https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda_docs/label/2024/761411s000lbl.pdf). Accessed January 2026.
- Wolff D, Cutler C, Lee SJ, et al. for the AGAVE-201 Investigators. Axatilimab in Recurrent or Refractory Chronic Graft-Versus-Host Disease. N Engl J Med 2024; 391: 1002-1014.